

# **Tollaust Pty Ltd - Lane Cove Tunnel**

# CO In Tunnel Air Quality Monitoring Validated Data Report

1 June 2025 to 30 June 2025

Ref: DR.202506.LCT

Issue Date: 7 July 2025

Report prepared by: Tim Allfrey

#### **Norditech Pty Ltd**

Unit 2/87 Station Road Seven Hills NSW 2147

1300 572 822

info@norditech.com.au

www.norditech.com.au



Issued: 7-Jul-25

## **Document Control**

Revision	Date	Details	Prepared By	Approved By
0	7/07/2025	Final	TA	BN

Prepared by

Tim Allfrey 7 July 2025

Approved by

Bruno Nourdine 7 July 2025

## **Distribution**

Format	Recipient	Details
PDF	Liam O'Grady	logrady@transurban.com
PDF	Sujoy Nandi	SNandi@transurban.com
PDF	Scott Tinsley	STinsley@transurban.com
PDF	James Kao	JKao@transurban.com
PDF	Alisha Koirala	alisha.koirala@ventia.com
PDF	Matt Otaran	matt.ortaran@ventia.com





Issued: 7-Jul-25

## **Table of Contents**

1	Executive Summary	3
	1.1 Compliance to limits	3
2	Introduction	4
3	Compliance Limits	4
4	Explanation of Monitoring	5
	4.1 Methodology	5
	4.2 Monitoring Locations	
	4.3 Data Collection	
	4.4 Data Validation	
	4.5 Reporting	
5	Instrumentation units and accuracy	
6	Results	
	6.1 Data Availability	
	6.2 Exceedances	
	6.3 Graphical Representations	
	6.3.1 Monthly CO maximum 3 minute rolling averages	
	6.3.2 Monthly CO maximum 15 minute rolling averages	
	6.3.3 Monthly CO maximum 30 minute rolling averages	
	6.3.4 Three Monthly Trend CO maximum 3 minute rolling averages	15
	6.3.5 Three Monthly Trend CO maximum 15 minute rolling averages	
7	6.3.6 Three Monthly Trend CO maximum 30 minute rolling averages	
F	igures	
Fi	gure 1: Lane Cove Tunnel CO in tunnel monitor locations	7
Fi	gure 2: Monthly CO maximum hourly 3 minute rolling averages	12
	gure 3: Monthly CO maximum hourly 15 minute rolling averages	
	gure 4: Monthly CO maximum hourly 30 minute rolling averages	
	gure 5: 3 Monthly CO maximum hourly 3 minute rolling averages	
Fig	gure 6: 3 Monthly CO maximum hourly 15 minute rolling averages	16
Fi	gure 7: 3 Monthly CO maximum hourly 30 minute rolling averages	17
	ables	
Ta	able 1: MCoA Compliance Goals	4
	able 2: Location and identification of CO in tunnel monitors	
	able 3: Instrument details and calibration dates	
	able 4: In tunnel CO data availability	
Tε	able 5: Exceedances of MCoA Goals	11



Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 1 Executive Summary

The Lane Cove Tunnel runs for 3.6km between North Ryde and Artarmon, linking the M2 Motorway and the Gore Hill Freeway and forms part of Sydney's motorway network. The tunnel commenced operation in March 2007.

To ensure that carbon monoxide levels within the tunnel are kept within acceptable levels, a network of 28 air quality sensors are installed in strategic locations throughout the tunnel. Data from these sensors are recorded, validated and reported on a monthly basis.

This report presents the monthly validated data for June 2025 to Tollaust Pty Ltd for the Lane Cove Tunnel.

### 1.1 Compliance to limits

The Minister's Conditions of Approval (MCoA) designates limits to which air quality inside the tunnel must meet. These limits relate to the maximum concentration of carbon monoxide in the air inside the tunnel.

There were no measured exceedances of the carbon monoxide limits during the reporting period of June 2025

For further information relating to exceedance reporting please refer to sections Compliance Limits, and Exceedances.

Issued: 7-Jul-25





## 2 Introduction

Norditech were contracted by Tollaust Pty Ltd in December 2018 to provide in tunnel data validation and reporting services for Lane Cove Tunnel.

Addresses of relevant parties:

Norditech Pty Ltd 2/87 Station Rd Seven Hills NSW 2147 Tollaust Pty Ltd 5 Sirius Rd Lane Cove West NSW 2066

This report presents the validated in tunnel CO data for June 2025.

- Describes air quality measurements.
- Reports any readings above the LCT Limits.
- Compares monitoring results.
- Has been quality assured.

## 3 Compliance Limits

Air quality goals provided are provided in Condition 160 and 161 of the Minister's Conditions of Approval issued by the Director-General for the Lane Cove Tunnel project. The air quality goals are shown in the table below.

Parameter Averaging Period		Goal Limit	Units	Applicable MCoA	
	3 minute rolling average	200	ppm	MCoA 161	
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	15 minute rolling average	87	ppm	MCoA 160	
	30 minute rolling average	50	ppm	MCoA 160	

Table 1: MCoA Compliance Goals



Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 4 Explanation of Monitoring

#### 4.1 Methodology

Carbon monoxide (CO) levels are measured inside the tunnel using a network of 28 separate CO monitors attached to the walls of both eastbound and westbound tunnels. The monitors measure CO using an analytical method known as non-dispersive infra red absorption with gas filter correlation. Basically, this involves projecting an infra-red beam across a 3 metre section of the tunnel and measuring the amount of infra-red light absorbed by CO molecules in the path of the beam. The quantity of infrared light absorbed is proportional to the concentration of CO in the path of the beam. The monitors used were specially designed for use in road tunnels where access for routine essential maintenance is restricted by the need to minimise traffic disruption. Similar monitors are widely used in other road tunnels in Australia and worldwide.

This method of analysis is similar to the standard method AM-6 outlined in "NSW EPA 2001, Approved Methods for Sampling and Analysis of Pollutants in New South Wales." However the method differs from the standard principally by the use of the open beam type instrument as described above in place of a closed analytical cell and sample delivery pump as typically used in ambient air monitoring stations. This deviation from the standard method has been approved by the Department of Planning on the advice of an independent consultant with specialist expertise in the field of air quality monitoring.

The number and locations of the CO monitors has been selected using computer generated modelling to provide a representative profile of CO levels inside the tunnel.

The instruments being used for in tunnel CO monitoring are Codel TunnelCraft III Open Path Infra-red gas cell correlation instruments.



Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 4.2 Monitoring Locations

The 28 CO monitors are located strategically in portal and tunnel wall locations. Specific monitor locations and identifiers are detailed in the table and schematic Figure 1 below.

Monitoring Location	Equipment Identification		
А	AQS101		
В	AQS501		
С	AQS502		
F	AQS503		
G	ACO101		
Н	AQS504		
	AQS505		
J	AQS102		
M	ACO102		
N	ACO501		
Q	AQS103		
R	AQS506		
S	ACO103		
T	ACO502		
U	AQS104		
V	AQS507		
W	ACO401		
X	ACO104		
Υ	AQS401		
Z	AQS402		
AA	AQS105		
AB	ACO801		
AC	AQS403		
AG	AQS106		
AH	ACO503		
Al	AQS801		
AJ	AQS107		
AK	AQS508		

Portal Monitor	
Tunnel Wall Monitor	

Table 2: Location and identification of CO in tunnel monitors

Issued: 7-Jul-25

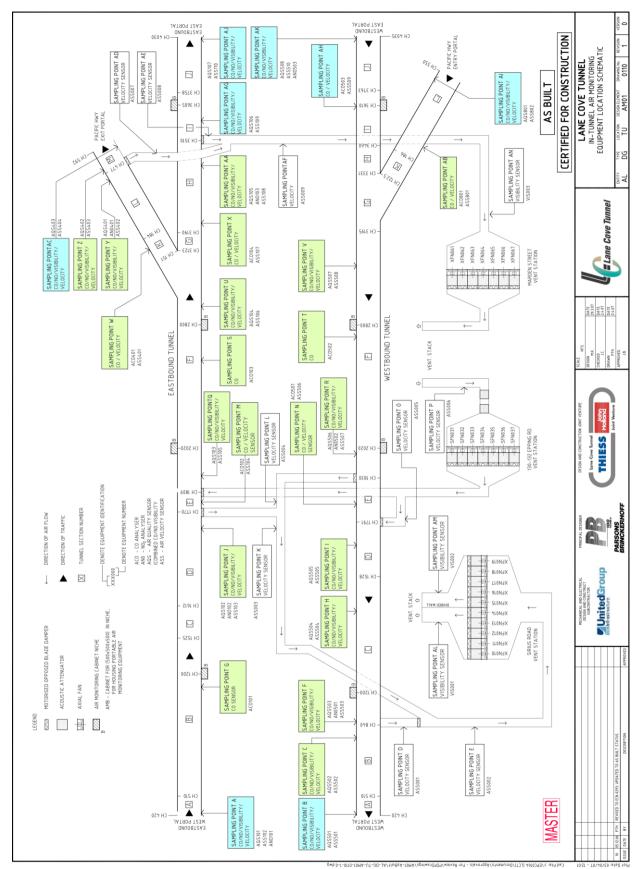


Figure 1: Lane Cove Tunnel CO in tunnel monitor locations

Issued: 7-Jul-25

#### 4.3 Data Collection

Data is collected on the Lane Cove Tunnel PMCS, and is provided to Norditech on a weekly basis via email. Data is then imported into a SQL database. Data is logged in 1 minute average periods. All calculations are based on this 1 minute average data.

#### 4.4 Data Validation

Data validation is performed as per Norditech's data validation procedure. The data validation process identifies any data that is deemed not to be valid. This data is flagged as invalid in the database and is removed from the reported data.

Data may be deemed invalid for several reasons, including but not limited to:

- Instrument fault
- Instrument calibration out of tolerance
- Maintenance activities

Initial visual inspection of data is performed by inspection of graphs to identify any anomalies in the data set.

Site visit logs and maintenance and calibration certificates are cross referenced to the data set and any data affected by maintenance activities are flagged.

Instrument drift and calibration tolerances are checked and data flagged in the database as necessary.

#### 4.5 Reporting

This report presents the validated in tunnel CO data for June 2025.

All calculations are based on 1 minute average data and are reported as 'end time'. IE the average data for 01:03 is the data from 01:00 through to 01:03.

Data availability refers to the amount of available data for the reporting period. Data availability is calculated using the following formula:

$$Data\ availability = \frac{sum\ of\ available\ data\ points}{sum\ of\ possible\ data\ points}*100$$

#### Where:

- Sum of available data points is the number of validated 3 minute rolling average data points for the reporting period
- Sum of possible data points is the number of theoretically available data points for the reporting period

Data is presented in the format of an Excel workbook named "202506 LCT In Tunnel Validated CO data.xlsx".

The workbook consists of the following sheets:

- 1 Cover
- 2. Max Single Point 3, 15 and 30m averages
- 3. Data Validation



Reference: DR.202506.LCT Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 5 Instrumentation units and accuracy

Instrumentation details are provided in the table below

Location ID	Last Calibration Date	Units	Resolution	Uncertainty	Measurement Range
East Bound					
AQS101	19/03/2025				
AQS102	Installed 18/03/2025				
AQS103	18/03/2025				
AQS104	17/03/2025				
AQS105	18/06/2025				
AQS106	18/06/2025				
AQS107	18/06/2025				
AQS401	19/06/2025				
AQS402	19/06/2025				
AQS403	17/03/2025				
ACO101	17/06/2025		0.1 ppm	± 1.0 ppm or 2%	0 ppm to 200 ppm
ACO102	17/06/2025				
ACO103	18/03/2025				
ACO104	18/06/2025	ppm			
ACO401	18/06/2025			of span value	
Wes	West Bound				
AQS501	20/03/2025				
AQS502	19/03/2025				
AQS503	20/03/2025				
AQS504	20/03/2025				
AQS505	Installed 18/03/2025				
AQS506	17/06/2025				
AQS507	17/06/2025				
AQS508	19/03/2025				
AQS801	21/03/2025				
ACO501	20/03/2025				
ACO502	17/06/2025				
ACO503	21/11/2023				
ACO801	23/05/2024				

Table 3: Instrument details and calibration dates

Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 6 Results

## 6.1 Data Availability

Data availability for the in tunnel CO sensors are provided in the table below. Locations with data availability less than 75% are indicated in red italics. Please refer to the Data Validation Table in the accompanying data file for further details regarding missing or removed data.

Data availability for the reporting period is summarized below:

Lane Cove Tunnel In Tunnel CO Data Availability June 2025							
Monitoring Location	Equipment Identification	Data Availability (%)	Comment				
	East Bound						
A	AQS101	95.0					
J	AQS102	95.0					
Q	AQS103	95.0					
U	AQS104	95.0					
AA	AQS105	95.0					
AG	AQS106	39.7	Calibration out of tolerance				
AJ	AQS107	94.7					
Υ	AQS401	95.0					
Z	AQS402	95.0					
AC	AQS403	95.0					
G	ACO101	94.4					
M	ACO102	95.0					
S	ACO103	94.6					
X	ACO104	94.9					
W	ACO401	57.1	Instrument flatline since 19/06/2025 05:01, to be investigated at next closure				
		West Bound	<u> </u>				
В	AQS501	94.2					
С	AQS502	95.0					
F	AQS503	95.0					
Н	AQS504	95.0					
I	AQS505	95.0					
R	AQS506	95.0					
V	AQS507	95.0					
AK	AQS508	94.2					
Al	AQS801	50.7					
N	ACO501	95.0					
T	ACO502	95.0					
AH	ACO503	0.0	Instrument fault since 9/12/2023, no data available. Instrument online 12/7/2024, however data flatline.				
AB	ACO801	0.0	Instrument fault since 16/06/2025 2:33, to be investigate at next closure				

Table 4: In tunnel CO data availability

#### 6.2 Exceedances

If any instances of the in tunnel CO levels exceeded the MCoA goals during the reporting period, they will be presented in the table below



June 2025

Reference: DR.202506.LCT

Issued: 7-Jul-25

Lane Cove Tunnel In Tunnel CO Exceedances June 2025						
Parameter	Averaging Period	Goal Limit	Units	Value of exceedance	Date and time of exceedance	Station
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	3 minute rolling average	200	ppm	-	-	-
	15 minute rolling average	87	ppm	-	-	-
	30 minute rolling average	50	ppm	-	-	-

Table 5: Exceedances of MCoA Goals





Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 6.3 Graphical Representations

The graphical representations are constructed from 1 minute average data, re-averaged to the 3 minute, 15 minute, and 30 minute rolling averages.

#### 6.3.1 Monthly CO maximum 3 minute rolling averages

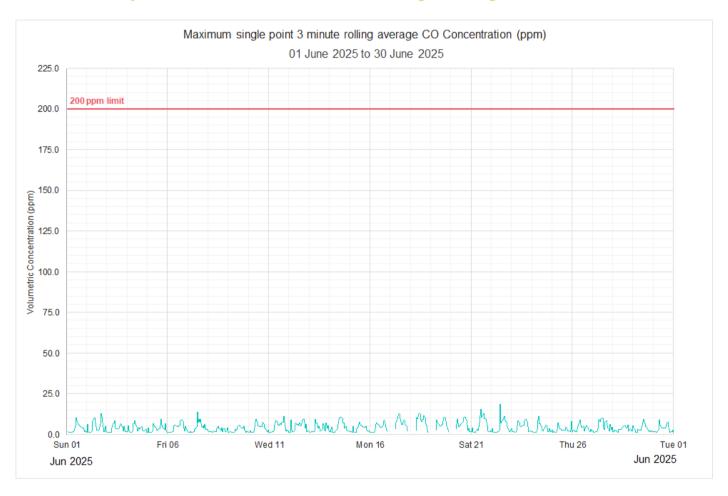


Figure 2: Monthly CO maximum hourly 3 minute rolling averages

Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 6.3.2 Monthly CO maximum 15 minute rolling averages

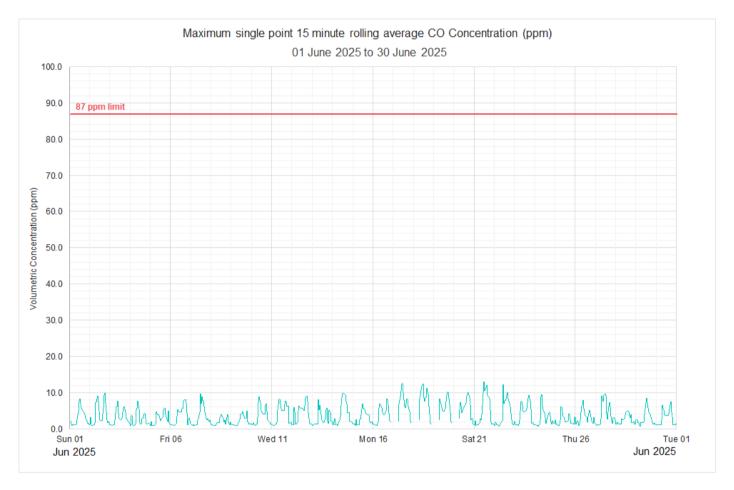


Figure 3: Monthly CO maximum hourly 15 minute rolling averages

Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 6.3.3 Monthly CO maximum 30 minute rolling averages

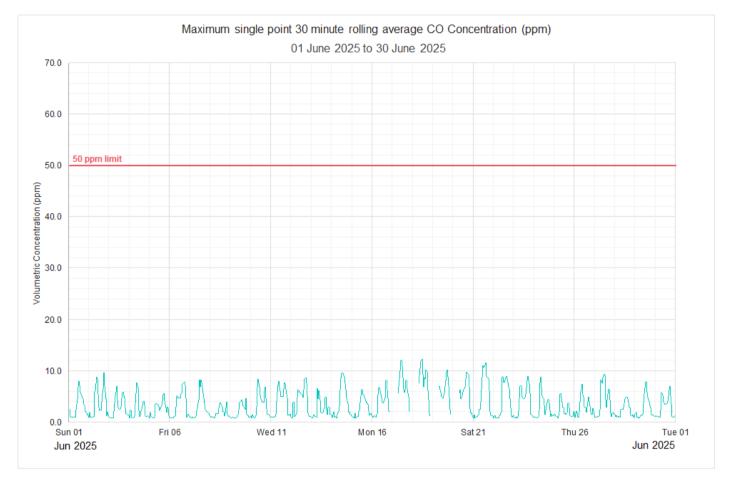


Figure 4: Monthly CO maximum hourly 30 minute rolling averages



Reference: DR.202506.LCT Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 6.3.4 Three Monthly Trend CO maximum 3 minute rolling averages

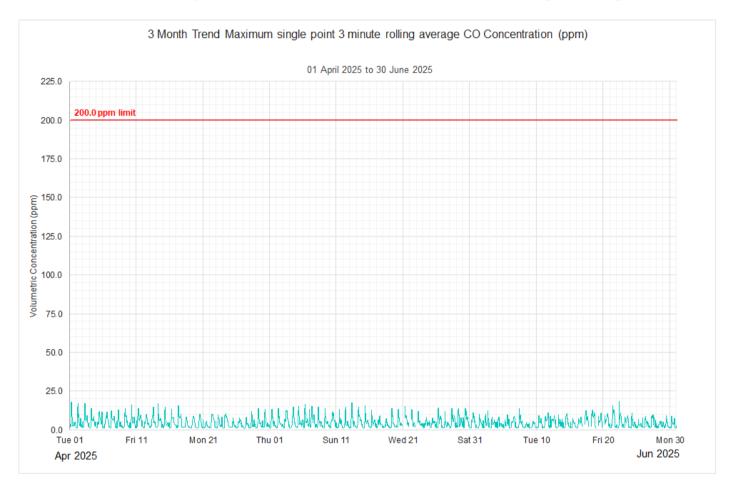


Figure 5: 3 Monthly CO maximum hourly 3 minute rolling averages



Reference: DR.202506.LCT Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 6.3.5 Three Monthly Trend CO maximum 15 minute rolling averages

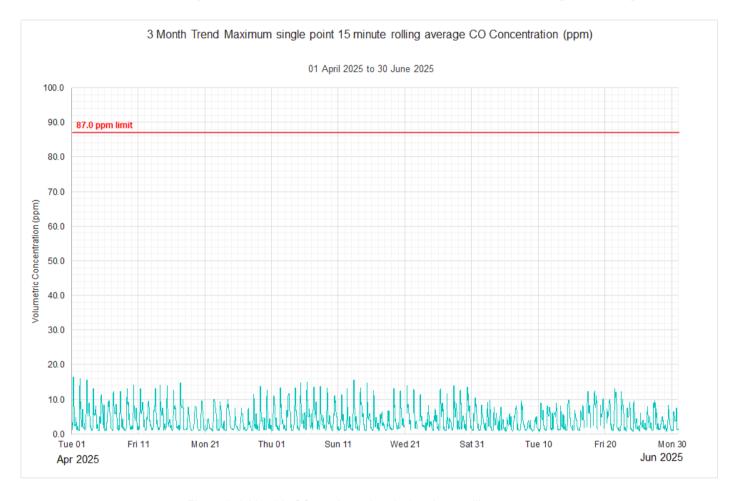


Figure 6: 3 Monthly CO maximum hourly 15 minute rolling averages



Reference: DR.202506.LCT Issued: 7-Jul-25

## 6.3.6 Three Monthly Trend CO maximum 30 minute rolling averages

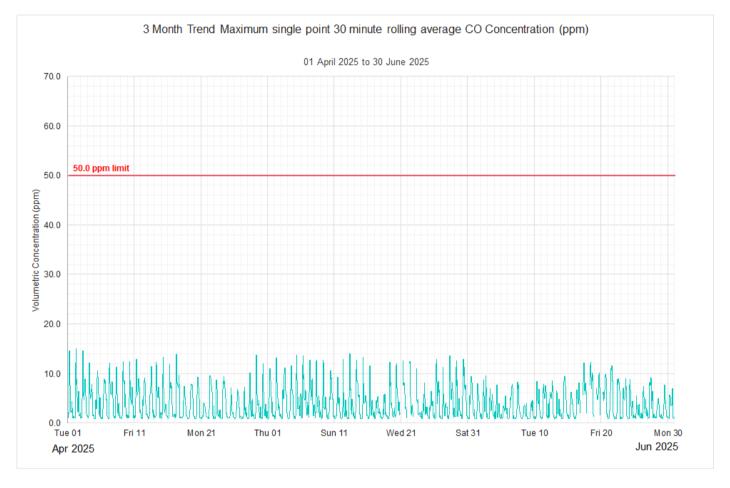
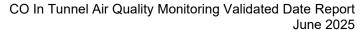


Figure 7: 3 Monthly CO maximum hourly 30 minute rolling averages





Issued: 7-Jul-25

# 7 Glossary

The following terms and abbreviations are used in this report

CO Carbon Monoxide LCT Lane Cove Tunnel

MCoA Ministers Conditions of Approval

ppm parts per million